- AN ACT TO ENSURE THE SAFETY AND PURITY OF FOODS AND COSMETICS, AND THE PURITY, SAFETY, EFFICACY AND QUALITY OF DRUGS AND DEVICES BEING MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC, VESTING THE BUREAU OF FOOD AND DRUGS WITH AUTHORITY TO ADMINISTER AND ENFORCE THE LAWS PERTAINING THERETO, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. (As amended by Executive Order No. 175 dated May 22, 1987)
- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Chapter I. - Title

SECTION 1. This Act shall be known as the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act T"FOODS, DRUGS AND DEVICES, AND COSMETICS ACT". (As amended by Executive Order No. 175)

Chapter II. - Declaration of Policy POLICIES

- SEC. 2. THE STATE POLICIES AS EMBODIED IN ARTICLE II, SECTION 15 OF THE 1987 CONSTITUTION, THAT: 'THE STATE SHALL PROTECT AND PROMOTE THE RIGHT TO HEALTH OF THE PEOPLE AND INSTILL HEALTH CONSCIOUSNESS AMONG THEM! AND IN SECTION 12, ARTICLE XIII OF THE 1987 CONSTITUTION, THAT: "THE STATE SHALL ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN AN EFFECTIVE FOOD AND DRUG REGULATORY SYSTEM AND UNDERTAKE APPROPRIATE HEALTH MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH, RESPONSIVE TO THE COUNTRY'S HEALTH NEFDS AND PROBLEMS! "ARE REITERATED". (As amended by E.O. 175)
- SEC. 3. In the implementation of the foregoing POLICIES, the Government, THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (a) Establish standards and quality measures for foods, drugs AND DEVICES and cosmetics.
- (b) Adopt MEASURES to ensure pure and safe supply of foods and cosmetics, and pure, safe, EFFICACIOUS AND GOOD QUALITY DRUGS AND DEVICES IN THE COUNTRY.
- (c) ADOPT MEASURES TO ENSURE THE RATIONAL USE OF DRUGS AND DEVICES, SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, BANNING, RECALLING OR WITHDRAWING FROM THE MARKET DRUGS AND DEVICES WHICH ARE NOT REGISTERED, UNSAFE, INEFFICACIOUS OR OF DOUBTFUL THERAPEUTIC VALUE, THE ADOPTION OF AN OFFICIAL NATIONAL DRUG FORMULARY, AND THE USE OF GENERIC NAMES IN THE LABELING OF DRUGS.
 - (d) STRENGTHEN THE BUREAU OF FOOD AND DRUGS." (As amended by E.O. 175)

Chapter III. - Creation of the Food and Drug Administration BUREAU OF FOOD AND DRUG

- SEC. 4: To carry out the provisions of this Act, there is hereby created an office to be called the Food and Drug Administration BUREAU OF FOOD AND IRUG in the Department of Health. Said Bureau shall be under the Office of the Secretary and shall have the following functions, powers and duties;
- (a) To administer and supervise the implementation of this Act and of the rules and regulations issued pursuant to the same.

- (b) To provide for the collection of samples of Food, Drug and Cosmetic.
- (c) To analyze and inspect food, drug and cosmetic in connection with the implementation of this Act.
- (d) To establish analytical data to serve as basis for the preparation of food, drug and cosmetic standards, and to recommend standards of identity, purity, quality and fill of container.
- (e) To issue certificate of compliance with technical requirements to serve as basis for the issuance of license and spot-check for compliance with regulations regarding operation of Food, Drug and Cosmetic manufacturers and establishments.
- (f) To levy, assess and collect fees for inspection, analysis and testing of products and materials submitted in compliance with the provisions of this Act.
- (g) To certify batches of anti-biotic and anti-biotic preparations in compliance with the previsions of this Act.

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 851 dated Dec. 2. 1932

"SECTION 4. There is hereby created a Bureau of Food and Drugs which shall assume the functions of the Food and Drug Administration which is hereby abolished. The functions to be assumed by the Bureau shall not include those previous functions of the Narcotic Drug Division of the Food and Drug-Administration which have already been assumed by the Dangerous Drugs Board pursuant to Batas Pambansa Bilang 179.

In addition to those functions transferred from the Food and Drug Administration, the Bureau shall have the authority to prescribe general standards and guidelines with respect to the veracity of nutritional and medicinal claims in the advertisement of food, drugs and cosmetics in the various media, to monitor such advertisements, and to call upon any erring manufacturer, distributor, or advertiser to desist from such inaccurate or misleading nutritional or medicinal claims in their advertising. Should such manufacturer distributor, or advertiser refuse or fail to obey the desistance order issued by the Euroau, he shall be subject to the applicable penalties as may be prescribed by law and regulations."

EXECUTIVE OFDER NO. 119 deted January 30, 1982

"SEC. 13 (b) Bureau of Food and Drugs which shall act as the policy formulation and sector monitoring arm of the Minister on matters pertaining to foods, drugs, traditional medicines, cosmetics and household products containing hazardous substances, and the formulation of rules, regulations and standards in accordance with Republic Act 3720 and other pertinent laws for their proper enforcement; prescribe general standards and guidelines with respect to the veracity of mutritional and medicinal claims in the advertisement of food, drugs and cosmetics in the various media, to monitor such advertisements; advise the Ministry's field offices to call upon any erring manufacturer, distributor, or advertiser to desist from such inaccurate or misleading nutritional or medicinal claims in their advertising; should such manufacturer, distributor, or advertiser refuse or fail to obey the desistance order issued by the Bureau, he shall be subject to the applicable peralties as may be prescribed by law and regulations; the Bureau shall provide consultative, training and advisory

manufacturing and distribution with respect to assuring safety and efficacy of food and drugs; conduct studies and research related to food and drug safety; maintain a corps of specially trained food and drugs inspectors for assignment to the various field offices of the Ministry; while these inspectors shall be under the technical supervision and guidance of the Bureau, they shall be under the administrative supervision of the head of the field office to which they shall re assigned, the latter being responsible for regulatory program implementation within the geographic area of the jurisdiction.

- SEC. 5. The BUREAU OF FOOD AND DRUG shall have the following Divisions:
- (a) REGULATION DIVISION I, WHICH SHALL HAVE CHARGE OF THE INSPECTION OF OUTLETS FOR FOODS, DRUG, AND DEVICES AND HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, AND COSMETICS.
- (b) REGULATION DIVISION II, WHICH SHALL HAVE CHARGE OF THE INS-PECTION OF MANUFACTURERS OF FOODS, DRUGS AND DEVICES AND COSMETIC, AND HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS SURSTANCES.
- (c) LABORATORY SERVICES DIVISION WHICH SHALL CONDUCT ALL THE TEST ANALYSIS AND TRIALS OF PRODUCTS UNDER ITS JURISDICTION.
- (d) PRODUCT SERVICES DIVISION WHICH SHALL HAVE CHARGE OF THE EVALUATION AND REGISTRATION OF ALL FOODS, DRUGS, DEVICES, COSMETICS, AND HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, INCLUDING MONITORYNG OF ADVERSE DRUG REACTIONS.
- (e) LEGAL DIVISION WHICH HAVE CHARGE OF ALL LEGAL AND CERTAIN ASPECTS OF COMPLIANCE AND INFORMATION ACTIVITIES OF THE RUREAU, INCLUDING MONITORING OF ADVERTISEMENTS AND PROMOTIONS OF PRODUCTS UNDER BFAD JURISDICTION.
- (f) ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION WHICH SHAEL PROVIDE THE BUREAU WITH LOGISTICS AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT FOR THE EFFECTIVE OPERATION OF THE BUREAU'S FUNCTION. (As per approved BFAD Staffing Pattern, implementing E.O. 11?) Note: PD 331, otherwise known as the "Decree on Hazardous Sybstances" empowers the Department of Health, thru BFAD, to regulate that labelling distribution & sale of household products containing hazardous substance.
- SEC. 6. The Bureau of Food and Drugs shall have a DIRECTOR who shall be appointed by the PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.
- SEC. W. The Secretary of Health shall provide for the additional personnel needed to carry out the functions and duties of the Bureau of Food and Drug.
- SEC. 8. The powers, functions and duties of the Division of Food and Drug Testing of the Bureau of Research and Laboratories and the Board of Food Inspection, all personnel in the Bureau of Health Services who are engage in food and drug control work, together with all their equipment, supplies, records, files, personnel and balance of appropriations are transferred to the Food and Drug Administration.
 - Chapter IV. Board of Food and Drug Inspection
- SEC. 9. The Roard of Food and Drug Inspection was abolished by the Re-rganization Plum of 1972, pursuent to P.D. No. 1.

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Chapter V. - Definitions

- SEC. 10. For the purposes of this Act, the term:
- (a) "BUREAU" MEANS THE BUREAU OF FOOD AND DRUGS. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (b) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health.
- (c) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (d) "Person" includes individual, partnership, corporation and association.
- (e) "Food" means (1) articles used for food or drink for man, (2) chewing gum, and (3) articles used for components of any such article.
- (f) "Drugs" mean (1) articles recognized in the current official United States Pharmacopeia NATIONAL FORMULARY (USP-NF), official homeopathic pharmacopeia of the United States, official national DRUG formulary, or any supplement to any of them; and (2) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or other animals; and (3) articles (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and (4) articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in clauses (1), (2), or (3) but do not include devices or their components, parts or accessories. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (g) "Device" means instruments, apparatus, or contrivances, including their components, parts and accessories, intended (1) for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals; or (2) to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.
- (h) "Cosmetic" means (1) articles intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human body or any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness, or altering the appearance, and (2) articles intended for use as a component of any such articles.
- (i) "Tabel" means a display or written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container of any article and a requirement made by or under authority of this Act that any word, statement, or other information appearing on the label shall not be considered to be complied with unless such word, statement, or other information also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any there be, of the retail package of such article, or is easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.
 - (j) "Immediate Container" does not include package liners.
- (k) "labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter (1) upon any article or any of its containers or wrappers, or (2) accompanying such article.

(1) "New Drugs" mean:

(1) any drug the composition of which is such that said drug is not generally recognized among experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety, EFFICACY AND QUALITY of drugs as safe, EFFICACIOUS AND OF GOOD QUALITY for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labelling thereof.

- (2) Any drug the composition of which is such that said drug, as a result of previous investigations to determine its safety, EFFICACY AND GOOD WALITY for use under certain conditions, has become so recognized but which has not, otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or for a material time under new conditions.
- (3) "NEW DRUGS" SHALL INCLUDE DRUGS (a) CONTAINING A NEWLY DISCOVERED ACTIVE INGREDIENT; (b) CONTAINING A NEW FIXED COMBINATION OF DRUGS, EITHER BY MOLECULAR OR PHYSICAL COMBINATION; (c) INTENDED FOR NEW INDICATIONS; (d) IN AN ADDITIONAL NEW MODE OF ADMINISTRATION; OR (e) IN AN ADDITIONAL DOSAGE OR STRENGTH OF THE DOSAGE FORM, WHICH MEETS THE CONDITIONS AS DEFINED UNDER THE NEW DRUG. (As amended by E.O. 175)

THE DEFINITION OF "NEW DRUGS" COVERS, TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE, "NEW DEVICES". (As amended by E.O. 175)

- (m) If an article is alleged to be misbranded because the labeling is misleading, then in determining whether the labeling is misleading, there shall be taken into account (among other things) not only representations made or suggested by statement, word, design, device, or any combination thereof, but also the extent to which the labeling fails to reveal facts material in the light of such representations or material with respect to consequences which may result from the use of the article to which the labeling relates under the conditions of use prescribed in the labeling thereof or under such conditions of use as are customary or usual.
- (n) "Food additive" means any substance the intended use of which results or may reasonably be expected to result, directly or indirectly, in its becoming a component or otherwise affecting the characteristics or any food (including any substance intended for use in producing, manufacturing, packaging, processing, preparing, treating, packing, transporting, or holding food; and including any source of radiation intended for any such use), if such substance is not generally recognized, among experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate its safety, as having been adequately shown through scientific procedures to be safe under the conditions of the intended use.
- (o) "BATCH" MEANS A QUANTITY OF ANY DRUG OR DEVICE PRODUCED DURING A GIVEN CYCLE OF MANUFACTURE. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (p) "BATCH NUMBER" MEANS A DESIGNATION PRINTED ON THE LABEL OF A DRUG OR DEVICE THAT IDENTIFIES THE BATCH, AND PERMITS THE PRODUCTION HISTORY OF THE BATCH INCLUDING ALL STAGES OF MANUFACTURE AND CONTROL, TO BE TRACED AND REVIEWED. (As amended by E.O. 175)
 - (q) "DIRECTOR" MEANS DIRECTOR OF THE BUREAU OF FOCD AND DRUGS.
 (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (r) "DISTRIBUTE" MEANS THE DELIVERY OR SADE OF ANY DRUG OR DEVICE FOR PURPOSES OF DISTRIBUTION IN COMMERCE, EXCEPT THAT SUCH TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE A MANUFACTURER OR RETAILER OF SUCH FRODUCT. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (s) "EXPIRY OR EXPIRATION DATE" MEANS THE DATE STATED IN THE IABEL OF A DRUG OR DEVICE AFTER WHICH THE DRUG IS NOT EXPECTED TO RETAIN ITS CLAIMED SAFETY, EFFICACY AND QUALITY OR POTENCY OR AFTER WHICH IT IS NOT PERMISSIBLE TO SELL THE DRUG OR DEVICE. (As amended by E.O. 175)

- (a) If its labeling is false or misleading in any particular.
- (b) If IT IS in package form unless it bears a label containing (1) the name and place of business of the manufacturer, IMPORTER, packer or distributor; (2) an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure or numerical count: PROVIDED, that reasonable variations shall be permitted and exemptions as to small packages shall be established by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
- (c) If any word, statement, or other information required by or under authority of this act to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuous (as compared with other words, statements, designs or devices, in the labeling) and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions or purchase and use.
- (d) If it is for use by man and contains any quantity of the narcotic or hypnotic substance alpha-eucaine, barbituric acid, beta-eucaine, bromal, cannabis, cabromal, chloral, coca, cocaine, codeine, heroin, marijuana, morphine, opium, paraldehyde, peyote, or sulfonmethane; or any chemical derivative of such substance, which derivative has been recommended by the Secretary, after investigation, and by regulations, designated as, habit forming; unless its label bears the name, and quantity or proportion of such substance or derivative and in juxtaposition therewith the statement "warning" may be habit forming.
- (e) If it is a drug and is not designated solely by a name recognized in an official compendium unless its label bears (1) the common or usual name of the drug, if such there be; and (2) in case it is fabricated from two or more ingredients, the common or usual name of each active ingredient, including the quantity, kind and proportion of any alcohol, and also including whether active or not, the name and quantity of proportion of any bromides, ether, chloroform, acetanilid, acetophenetidin, amidopyrine, antipyrine, atropine, hyoscine, hyoscyamine, arsenic, digitals, digitalis glyco sides, mercury, quabain, strophantin, strychnine, thyroid, or any derivative or preparation of any such substances, contained therein; PROVIDED, that where compliance with this paragraph is impracticable, exemptions, shall, upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, be established by regulations promulgated by the Secretary.
- (f) Unless its labeling bears (1) adequate directions for use; and (2) such adequate warnings against use in those pathological conditions or by children where its use may be dangerous to health, or against unsafe dosage or methods or duration of administration or application, in such manner and form, as are necessary for the protection of users: PROVIDED, that where any requirement of clause (1) of this paragraph, as applied to any drug or device, is not necessary for the protection of the public health, the Secretary shall, upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, promulgate regulations exempting such drug or device from such requirement.
- (g) If it purports to be a drug the name of which is recognized in an official compendium, unless it is packaged and labeled as prescribed therein: PROVIDED, that the method of packing may be modified with the consent of the Secretary.
- (h) If it has been found by the Secretary to be a drug liable to deterioration, unless it is packaged in such form and manner, and its label bears a statement of such precautions, as the Secretary shall by regulations require as necessary for the protection of the public health.

- (i) The use, in labeling, advertising or other sales promotion of any reference to any report or analysis furnished in compliance with section twenty-six hereof.
- (j) THE MANUFACTURE, IM-ORTATION, EXFORTATION, SALE, OFFERING FOR SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR TRANSFER OF ANY DRUG OR DEVICE WHICH IS NOT REGISTERED WITH THE BUREAU FURSUANT TO THIS ACT. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (k) THE MANUFACTURE, IMPORTATION, EXFORTATION, SAME, OFFERING FOR SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR TRANSFER OR ANY DRUG OR DEVICE BY ANY PERSON WITHOUT THE LICENSE FROM THE BUREAU REQUIRED UNDER THIS ACT. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (1) THE SALE OR OFFERING FOR SALE OR ANY DRUG OR DEVICE BEYOND ITS EXPIRATION OR EXPIRY DATE (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (m) THE RELEASE FOR SALE OR DISTRIBUTION OF A BATCH OF DRUGS WITHOUT BATCH CERTIFICATION WHEN REQUIRED UNDER SECTION TWENTY-TWO HEREOF. (As amended by E.O. 175)

PENALTIES

(a) Thy person who violates any of the provisions of section elever hereof shall, upon conviction, be subject to imprisonment of not less than /six months and one day, but not more than five years / ONE YEAR BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE YEARS, or a fine or not less than /one/ FIVE thousand pesos BUT NOT MORE THAN TEN THOUSAND FESOS or both such imprisonment and fine, in the discretion of the court.

SHOULD THE OFFENSE BE COMMITTED BY A JURIDICAL PERSON, THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, THE PRESIDENT, GENERAL MANAGER, OR THE PARTNERS AND/OR THE PERSONS DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE THEREFORE SHALL BE PENALIZED. (As amended by E.O. 175)

(b) No person shall be subject to the penalties of subsection (a) of this section (1) for having sold, offered for sale or transferred any article and delivered it, if such delivery was made in good faith, unless he refuses to furnish on request of the Board of Food and Drug Inspection BUREAU or an officer or employee duly designated by the secretary, the name and address of the person from whom he purchased or received such article and copies of all documents, if any there be, pertaining to the delivery of the article to him; if (2) for having violated section 11(a) established a guaranty or undertaking signed by, and containing the name and address of, the person residing in the Philippines from whom he received in good faith the article, or (3) for having violated section eleven (a), where the violation exists because the article is adulterated by reason of containing a /coal-tar/color OTHER THAN THE FERMISSIBLE ONE under regulations promulgated by the secretary under this Act, if such person establishes a guaranty or undertaking signed by, and containing the name and address, of the manufacturer of the/coal-tar/ color, to the effect that such color is permissible, under applicable regulations promulgated by the secretary under this fact. (As amended by E.O. 175)

Chapter VII. - Definitions and Standards for Food

SEC. 13. Whenever in the judgement of the Secretary such action will promote honesty and fair dealing in the interest of consumers, he shall, upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, promulgate regulations fixing and establishing for any food, under its common or usual name so far as practicable, a reasonable definition and standard of identity, a reasonable standard of quality, and/or reasonable standard of fill of containers;

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Provided, That no definition and standard of identity and no standard of quality shall be established for fresh or dried fruits, fresh or dried vegetables.

ADULTER TED FOOD

- SEC. 14. A food shall be deemed to be adulterated: --
- (a) (1) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health; but in case the substance is not an added substance such food shall not be considered adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such substance in such food does not ordinarily render it injurious to health;
- (2) If it bears or contains any added poisonous or added deleterious substance other than one which is a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity for which tolerances have been established and it conforms to such tolerances;
- (3) If it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance, or if it is otherwise unfit for food;
- (4) If it has been prepared, packed, or held under unsanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth, or whereby, it may have been rendered injurious to health;
- (5) If it is, in whole or in part, the product of a diseased animal or of an animal which has died otherwise than by slaughter;
- (6) If its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health.
- (b) (1) If any valuable constituent has been, in whole or in part, omitted or abstracted therefrom and same has not been substituted by any healthful equivalent of such constituent;
- (2) If any substance injurious to health has been added for substituted;
 - (3) If damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner; and
- (4) If any substance has been added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength, or make it appear better or of greater value it is.
- (c) If it bears or contains a coal-tar color other than one which is permissible under existing regulations;
- (d) If it is confectionery, and it bears or contains any alcohol or non-nutritive article or substance except harmless coloring, harmless flavoring, harmless resinous glass not in excess of fourtenths of one per centum, natural gum and pectin; Provided, that this paragraph shall not apply to any confectionery by reason of its containing less than one half of one per centum by volume of alcohol derived solely from the use of flavoring extracts, or to any chewing gum by reason of its containing harmless non-nutritive masticatory substances;
 - (e) If it is oleomargarine or margarine or butter and any of the raw material used therein consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid or decomposed substance, or such oleomargarine, margarine or butter is otherwise unfit for food.

- SEC. 15. A food shall be deemed to be misbranded: --
- (a) If its labeling is false or misleading in any particular;
- (b) If it is offered for sale under the name or another food;
- (c) If it is an imitation of another food, unless its label bears in type of uniform size and prominence, the word "imitation" and, immediately thereafter, the name of the food imitated;
- (d) If its container is so made, formed or filled as to be misleading;
- (e) If in package form unless it bears a label containing (1) the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, distributor; and (2) an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure, numerical count: Provided, that under clause (2) of this paragraph reasonable variations shall be permitted, and exemptions as to small packages shall be established, by regulations prescribed by the secretary.
- (f) If any word, statement, or other information required by or under authority of the Act appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices, in the labeling), and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.
- (g) If it purports to be or is represented as a food for which a definition and standard of identity has been prescribed unless (1) it conforms to such definitions and standard, and (2) its label bears the name of the food specified in the definition and standard, and insofar as may be required by such regulations, the common names of optional ingredients (other than spices, flavoring, and coloring) present in such food.
 - (h) If it purports to be or is represented as --
 - (1) A food for which a standard of quality has been prescribed by regulations as provided by section thirteen and its quality falls below such standard; unless its lacel bears, in such manner and form as such regulations specify, a statement that it falls below such standard; or
 - (2) & food for which a standard or standards of fill of container have been prescribed by regulations as provided by section thirteen and its falls below the standard of fill of container applicable thereto, unless its label bears, in such manner and form as such regulations specify, statement that it falls below such standard.
- (i) If it is not subject to the provisions of paragraph (g) of this section unless its label bears (l) the common or usual name of the food, if there be any, and (2) in case it is fabricated from two or more ingredients, the common or usual name of each such ingredient; except that species, flavoring, and coloring, other than those sold as such, may be designated as spices, flavoring and coloring without naming each: Provided, that to the extent that compliance with the requirements of clause (2) of this paragraph is impracticable or results in deception or unfair competition, exemptions shall be established by regulations promulgated by the secretary.

- (j) If it purports to be or is represented for special dietary uses, unless its label bears such information concerning its vitamin, mineral and other dietary properties as the secretary determines to be, and by regulations prescribes as necessary, in order fully to inform purchasers as to its value for such uses.
- (k) If it bears or contains any artificial flavoring, artificial coloring, or chemical preservative, unless it bears labeling stating that fact: Provided, that to the extent that compliance with the requirements of this paragraph is impracticable, exemptions shall be established by regulations promulgated by the secretary. The provisions of this paragraph or paragraphs (g) and (i) with respect to artificial coloring shall not apply in the case of butter, cheese or ice cream.

Emergency Permit Control

- SEC. 16. (a) Whenever the Secretary finds after investigation that the sale or distribution in domestic commerce of any class of fcod may be injurious to health, and that such injurious nature cannot be adequately determine after such articles have entered domestic commerce, he shall promulgate regulations also in accordance with the recommendations of the DIRECTOR providing for the issuance, to manufacturers, processors, or packers of such class of food in such locality, of permits to which shall be attached such conditions governing the manufacture, processing, or packing of such class of food, for such temporary period of time, as may be necessary to protect the public health; and after the effective date of such regulations, and during such temporary period, no persons shall manufacture, sell or offer for sale or transfer any such food manufactured, processed, or packed by any such manufacturer, processor, or packer unless such manufacturer, processor, or packer holds a permit issued by the Secretary as provided by such regulations.
- (b) The Secretary is authorized to suspend immediately upon notice any permit issued under authority of this section if it is found that any of the conditions of the permit have been violated.
- (c) Any officer or employee duly designated by the Secretary shall have access to any factory or establishment, the operator of which holds a permit from the Secretary, for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the conditions of the permit are being complied with, and denial of access for such inspection shall be ground for suspension of the permit until such access is freely given by the operator.

Tolerances for Poisonous Ingredients in Food

COAL-TAR COLOR FOR FOOD

SEC. 17. (a) Any poisonous or deleterious substance added to any food, shall be deemed to be unsafe except when such substance is required or cannot be avoided in its production or manufacture. In such case the Secretary shall promulgate, upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, regulations limiting the quantity therein to such extent as he finds necessary for the protection of public health, and any quantity exceeding the limits so fixed shall also be deemed to be unsafe. In determining the quantity of such added substance to be tolerated in different articles of food the Secretary shall take into account the extent to which the use of such article is required or cannot be avoided in the production or manufacture of such article and other ways in which the consumer may be affected by the same or other poisoncus or deleterious substances.

(b) The Secretary shall, upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, promulgated regulations providing for the listing of coal-tar colors which are harmless and suitable for use in food.

Chapter VIII. - Drugs and Devices

ADULTERATED DRUGS AND DEVICES

SEC. 18. A drug or device shall be deemed to be adulterated:

- (a) (1) If it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance WHICH MAY AFFECT ITS SAFETY, EFFICACY OR GOOD QUALITY; or (2) if it has been MANUFACTURED, prepared or held under unsanitary conditions WHEREBY IT MAY HAVE BEEN contaminated with DIRT or filth or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health; or (3) if it is a drug OR DEVICES and its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health; or (4) if it is a drug and it bears or contains, for purposes of coloring only, /a coal-tar color other than a permissible one/ As DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION STANDARDS OF SAFETY, FFFICACY OR GOOD QUALITY. (As amended by E.O 175)
- (b) If it purports to be or is represented as a drug the name of which is recognized in an official compendium, and its strength differs from, or its SAFETY, EFFICACY, quality or purity falls below the standards set forth in such compendium, except that whenever tests or methods of assay as are prescribed are, in the judgement of the Secretary, insufficient for the making of such determination the Secretary shall promulgate, upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, regulations prescribing appropriate tests or methods of assay in accordance with which such determination as to strength, SAFETY, EFFICACY, WUALITY, or purity shall be made. No drug defined in an official compendium shall be deemed to be adulterated under this paragraph because it differs from the standards of strength, SAFETY, EFFICACY, quality, or purity therefor set forth in such compendium, if its difference in strength, SAFETY, EFFICACY, WUALITY or purity from such standards is plainly stated in its label and approved for registration as such. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (c) If it is not subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) /of this Section/ and its strength differs from, or its EFFICACY, quality or purity falls below, that which it purports or is represented to posses. (As amended by E.O. 179)
- (d) If it is a drug OR DEVICE and any substance has been /(l)/ mixed or packed therewith, Aso as to reduce its quality or strength or (2) substituted wholly or in part therefor/ OR ANY SUBSTANCE HAS BEEN substituted wholly or in part thereof, so as to reduce its safety, efficacy, quality, strength or purity. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (e) IF THE METHODS USED, IN, OR THE FACILITIES OR CONTROL USED FOR ITS MANUFACTURE OR HOLDING DO NOT CONFORM TO OR ARE NOT OPERATED OR ADMINISTERED IN CONFORMITY WITH CURRENT GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICE TO ASSURE THAT SUCH DRUG METTS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ACT AS TO SAFETY, QUALITY AND EFFICACY, AND HAS THE IDENTITY AND STRENGTH, AND MEFTS THE QUALITY AND PURITY CHARACTERISTICS, WHICH IT PURPORTS OR IS REFRESENTED TO POSSESS. (As amended by E.O. 175)

MISBRANDED DRUGS AND DEVICES

- (t) "EXPORT" MEANS TO BRING OUT OF THE PHILIPPINES BY SEA, LAND OR AIR. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (u) "IMPORT" MEANS TO BRING INTO THE PHILIPPINES BY SEA, LAND OR AIR. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (v) "MANUFACTURE", IN RELATION TO A DRUG, OR DEVICE WHERE APPLICABLE, MEANS ANY AND ALL OPERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE PRODUCTION OF A DRUG OR DEVICE INCLUDING PROPAGATION, PROCESSING, COMPOUNDING, FORMULATING, FILLING, PACKING, REPACKING, ALTERING, ORNAMENTING, FINISHING AND LABELING WITH THE ENDS IN VIEW OF ITS STORAGE, SALE OR DISTRIBUTION; PROVIDED, THAT THE TERM SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE COMPOUNDING AND FILLING OF PRESCRIPTIONS IN DRUGSTORES AND HOSPITAL PHARMACIES. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (w) "NEW VETERINARY DRUGS" MEANS DRUGS INTENDED FOR USE FOR ANIMALS INCLUDING ANY DRUG INTENDED FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS WITHIN THE CONTEMPLATION OF THE IMPLEMENTING RULFS AND REGULATIONS." (As amended by E.O. 173)

Chapter VI. - Frohibited Acts and Penalties

- SEC. 11. The following acts and the causing thereof are hereby prohibited; (a) the manufacture, IMPORTATION, EXPORTATION, sale, offering for sale, DISTRIBUTION or transfer of any food, drug, device or cosmetic that is adulterated or misbranded. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (b) The adulteration or misbranding of any food, drug, device or cosmetic.
- (c) The refusal to permit entry or inspection as authorized by section twenty-seven hereof or to allow samples to be collected.
- (d) The giving of a guaranty or undertaking referred to in section twelve (b) hereof which guaranty or undertaking is false, except by a person who relied upon a guaranty or undertaking to the same effect signed by, and containing the name and address of the person residing in the Philippines from whom he received in good faith the food, drug, device, or cosmetic or the giving of a guaranty or undertaking referred to in section twelve (b) which guaranty or undertaking is false.
- (e) Forging, counterfeiting, simulating or falsely representing or without proper authority using any mark, stamp, tag, label, or other identification device authorized or required by regulations promulgated under the provisions of this Act.
- (f) The using by any person to his own advantage, or revealing, other than to the secretary or officers and employees of the department or to the courts when relevant in any judicial proceeding under this act, any information concerning any method or process which as a trade secret is entitled to protection.
- (g) The alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration, or removal of the whole or any part of the labeling of, or the doing of any other act with respect to, a food, drug, device, or cosmetic, if such act is done while such article is held for sale (whether or not the first sale) and results in such article being adulterated or misbranded.
- (h) The use, on the labeling of any drug or in any advertising relating to such drug, of any representation or suggestion that an application with respect to such drug is effective under sections twenty-one AND TWENTY-ONE B HEREOF, or that such drug complies with the provisions of such sections. (As amended by E.O. 175)

- (i) (1) If it is a drug and its container is so made, formed or filled as to be misleading; or
 - (2) If it is an imitation of another drug; or
 - (3) If it is offered for sale under the name of another drug.
- (j) If it is dangerous to health when used in the dosage, or with the frequency of duration prescribed, recommended or suggested in the labeling thereof.
- (k) If it is, or purports to be, or is represented as a drug composed wholly or partly of any kind of penicillin, /streptomycin, chlortetracylene, bacetracin/ CEPHALOSPHORINS, AMINOGLYCOSIDES, TETRACYLINE, CHLORAM-HENICOL, ERYTHROMYCIN, or any other antibiotic drug, or any derivative thereof, unless (1) it is from a batch with respect to which a certificate of release has been issued pursuant to section twenty-two (a) and (2) such certificate of release is in effect with respect to such drug: PROVIDED, that this paragraph shall not apply to any drug or class of drugs exempted by regulations promulgated under section twenty-two (a), (b) and (c). (As amended by N. 0. 175)

EXEMPTION IN CASE OF DRUGS AND DEVICES

- SEC. 20. (a) The Secretary is hereby directed to promulgate regulations exempting from any labeling or packaging requirement of this Act drugs and devices which are, in accordance with the practice of the trade, to be processed, labeled, or repacked in substantial quantities at establishments other than those where originally processed or packed, on condition that such drugs and devices are not adulterated or misbranded under the provisions of this Act upon removal from such processing, labeling or repacking establishment.
 - (b) (1) Drugs intended for use by man which:
 - (a) Are habit-forming
 - (b) Because of /its/ their toxicity or other potentiality for harmful effect, of the method of /its/ their use is not safe for use except under the supervision of practitioner licensed by law to administer such drug;
 - (c) Are new drugs whose applications are limited to investigational use;
 - shall be dispensed only (1) upon written prescription of a practitioner licensed by law to administer such drug, or (2) upon an oral prescription of such practitioner which is reduced promptly to writing and filed by the pharmacist, or (3) by refilling any such written or oral prescription if such refilling is authorized by the prescriber either in the original prescription or by oral order which is reduced promptly to writing and filed by the pharmacist. The act of dispensing a drug contrary to the provisions of this paragraph shall be an act which results in the drug being misbranded while held for sale.
 - (2) Any drug dispensed by filling or refilling a written prescription of a practitioner licensed by law to administer such drug shall be exempt from the requirements of section nineteen, except paragraphs (a)(1)(2) and (3) and the packaging requirements of paragraphs (g) and (h), if the drug bears a label containing the name and address of the dispenser, the serial number and date of

the prescription or its filling, the name of the prescriber, and, if stated in the prescription the name of the patient, and the directions for use and cautionary statements, if any, contained in such prescription.

- (3) The Secretary may by regulation remove drugs subject to section nineteen (d) and sections twenty-one AND TWENTY-ONE-B from the requirements of subsection (b) (1) of this section, when such requirements are not necessary for the protection of the public health. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (4) A drug which is subject to subsection (b) (l) of this section shall be deemed to be misbranded if at any time prior to dispensing, its label fails to bear the statement "caution: /Food, Drug and Cosmetic Law/ FOCDS, DRUGS AND DEVICES, AND COSMETICS Law prohibits dispensing without prescription". A drug to which subsection (b) (l) of this section does not apply shall be deemed to be misbranded if at any time prior to dispensing, its label bears the caution statement quoted in the preceding sentence. (As amended by E.O. 175)

New Drugs LICENSING AND REGISTRATION (As smended by E.O. 175)

- (a) No person shall manufacture, sell, offer for sale, IMFORT, EXPORT, DISTRIBUTE or transfer any drug OR DEVICE, unless an application filed pursuant to subsection (b) hereof is effective with respect to such drug OR DEVICE. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (b) Any person may file with the Secretary, thru the Bureau, an application UNDER OATH with respect to any drug OR DEVICE subject to the provisions of subsection (a) hereof. Such persons shall submit to the Secretary thru the Bureau: (1) full reports of investigations which have been made to show whether or not such drug OR DEVICE is safe, EFFICACIOUS AND OF GOOD QUALITY for use BASED ON CLINICAL STUDIES CONDUCTED IN THE PHILIPPINES; (2) a full list of the articles used as components of such drug OR DEVICE; (3) a full statement of the composition of such drug OR DEVICE; (4) a full description of the methods used in and the facilities and controls used for the manufacture of such drug OR DEVICE; (5) such samples of such drug OR DEVICE and of the articles used as components thereof as the Secretary may require; (6) specimens of the labeling proposed to be used for such drug or device; AND (7) SUCH OTHER REQUIREMENTS AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY REGULATIONS TO ENSURE THE SAFETY, EFFICACY AND GOOD QUALITY OF SUCH DRUG CR DEVICE. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (c) Within one hundred and eighty days after the filing of an application under this subsection, or such additional period as may be agreed upon by the Secretary and the applicant, the Secretary shall either (1) approve the application if he then finds that none of the grounds for denying approval specified in subsection (d) applies, or (2) give the applicant notice of an opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary under subsection (d) on the question whether such application is approvable.
- (d) If the Secretary finds, after due notice to the applicant and giving him an opportunity for a hearing, that (1) the reports of the investigations which are required to be submitted to the Secretary pursuant to subsection (b) hereof, do not include adequate tests by all methods reasonably applicable to show whether or not such drug OR DEVICE is safe, EFFICACIOUS AND OF GOOD QUALITY for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the

proposed labeling thereof; (2) the results of such test show that such drug OR DEVICE is unsafe, INEFFICACIOUS OR OF DOUBTFUL THERAPEUTIC VALUE for use under such conditions or do not show that such drug OR DEVICE is safe, EFFICACIOUS OR OF GOOD WUALITY for use under such conditions; (3) the methods used in, and the facilities and controls used for the manufacture /processing, and packing/ of such drug or device are inadequate to preserve its identity, strength, quality and purity; or (4) upon the basis of the information submitted to him as part of the application, or upon the basis of any other information before him with respect to such drug OR DEVICE, he has insufficient information to determine whether such drug OR DEVICE is safe, EFFICACIOUS OR OF GOOD QUALITY for use under such conditions; or (5) evaluated on the basis of the information submitted to him as part of the application, and any other information before him with respect to such drug OR DEVICE, there is a lack of substantial evidence that the drug OR DEVICE will have the effect it purports or is represented to have under conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the proposed labeling thereof; or (6) based on a fair evaluation of all materials facts, such labeling is false or misleading in any particular; he shall issue an order /refusing to approve DISAPPROVING the application. (As amended by E.O. 175)

- (e) The effectiveness of an application with respect to any drug OR DEVICE shall, after due notice and opportunity for hearing to the applicant, by order of the Secretary be suspended if the Secretary finds (1) that clinical experience, tests by new methods, or tests by methods not deemed reasonably applicable when such application became effective show that such drug CR DEVICE is unsafe, OR INEFFECTIVE for use under the conditions of use upon the basis of which the application became effective, or (2) that the application contains any untrue statement of a material fact. The order shall state the finding upon which it is based. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (f) An order refusing to permit an application with respect to any drug to become effective shall be revoked whenever the Secretary finds that the facts require The Secretary shall promulgate regulations for exempting from the operation of this sections drugs AND DEVICES intended solely for investigational use by experts qualified by scientific training and experience to investigate the safety and effectiveness of drugs AND DEVICES. (Note: This is Sec. 21 of R.A. 3720) (As amended by F.O. 175)
- (g) The procedure herein prescribed applies likewise to "new veterinary drugs". (As amended by E.O. 175)
- SEC. 21-A. NO FERSON SHALL MANUFACTURE, SELL, OFFER FOR SALE, IMPORT, EXTORT, DISTRIBUTE OR TRANSFER ANY DRUG OR DEVICE WITHOUT FIRST SECURING A LICENSE TO OPERATE FROM THE BUREAU AFTER DUE COMPPLIANCE WITH TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY FURSUANT TO THIS ACT. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- SEC. 21-B. NO DRUG OR DEVICE SHALL BE MANUFACTURED, SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE, IMPORTED, EXPORTED, DISTRIBUTED OR TRANSFERRED, UNIESS REGISTERED BY THE MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER OR DISTRIBUTOR THEREOF IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY PURSUANT TO THIS ACT. THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 21 (b), (d) AND (e) TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE, SHALL GOVERN THE REGISTRATION OF SUCH DRUGS AND DEVICES. (As amended by F.O. 175)

SEC. 21-C. THE SECRETARY SHALL PROMULGATE A SCHEDULE OF FEFS FOR THE ISSUANCE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF PRODUCT REGISTRATION AND THE LICENSE TO OPERATE PROVIDED FOR UNDER SECTIONS 21, 21-A, AND 21-B. (As amended by E.O. 175)

Chapter IX. - Certification of Drugs Containing Fenicilline Streptomycin, Chlortetracycline, Chloramphenicol or Bacitracin ANTIBIOTICS

- SEC. 22. (a) The Secretary, pursuant to regulations promulgated by him, shall provide for the certification of batches of drugs composed wholly or partially of any kind of Benicilline, Streptomycin, Chlortetracycline, Chloramphenicol or Bacitracin or any other antibiotic drug, or any derivative thereof/ ANTIBIOTIC. A batch of such drugs shall be certified if such drug has such characteristics of identity, strength, quality and purity, as the Secretary prescribes in such regulations as necessary to insure adequately safety and efficacy of use AND GOOD WUALITY, but shall not otherwise be certified. Prior to the effective date of such regulations the Secretary, in lieu of certification, shall issue a release for any batch which, in his judgement, may be released without risk as to the safety and efficacy of its use. Such release shall prescribe the date of its expiration and other conditions under which it shall cease to be effective as to such batch and as to portions thereof. For purposes of this section and of section nineteen (k), the term "antibiotic drug" means any drug intended for use by man containing any quantity of any chemical substance which is produced by a micro-organisms and which has the capacity to inhibit or destroy micro-organisms in dilute solution (including the chemically synthesized equivalent of any such substance). (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (b) Whenever in the judgement of the Secretary, the requirements of this section and of section nineteen (k) with respect to any drug or class of drugs are not necessary to insure safety and efficacy of use AND GOOD QUALITY, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations exempting such drug or class of drugs from such requirements. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (c) The Secretary shall promulgate regulations exempting from any requirement of this section and of section nineteen (k), (1) drugs which are to be stored, processed, labeled, or repacked at establishments other than those where manufactured on condition that such drugs comply with all such requirements upon removal from such establishments; (2) drugs which conform to applicable standards of identity, strength, quality, and purity prescribed by these regulations and are intended for use in manufacturing other drugs; and (3) drugs which are intended for investigational use by experts qualified by scientific training and experience to investigate the safety and efficacy of drugs.

Chapter X, - Cosmetics

ADULTERATED COSMETICS

SEC. 23. A cosmetic shall be deemed to be adulterated: -

(a) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to users under the conditions of use prescribed in the labeling thereof, or under the conditions of use as are customary or usual: Provided, that this provision shall not apply to coaltar hair dye, the label of which bears the following legend

conspicuously displayed thereon: "caution: this product containing ingredients which may cause skin irritation on certain individuals and a preliminary test according to accompanying directions should first be made. This product must not be used for dyeing the eyelashes or eyebrows; to do so may cause blindness", and the labeling of which bears adequate directions for such preliminary testing. For the purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (e) the term "hair dye" shall not include eyelash dyes or eyebrows dyes.

- (b) If it consists in whole or inpart of any filty, putrid, or decomposed substance.
- (c) If it has been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health.
- (d) If its container is composed, in whole or in parts, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health.
- (e) If it is not a hair dye and it bears or contains a coal-tar color other than one which is permissible.

MISBRANDED COSMETIC

- SEC. 24. A cosmetic shall be deemed to be misbranded: -
- (a) If its labeling is false or misleading in any particular.
- (b) If in package form unless it bears a label containing (1) the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; and (2) an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure or numerical count: Provided, that under clause (2) reasonable variations shall be permitted and exemptions as to small packages shall be established, by regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
- (c) If any word, statement or other information required by or under authority of this Act, to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices, in the labeling) and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.
- (d) If its container is so made, formed, or filled as to be misleading.

REGULATIONS MAKING EXEMPTIONS

- SEC. 25. The Secretary shall promulgate regulations exempting from any labeling requirements of this act cosmetics which are, in accordance with the practice of the trade, to be processed, labeled, or repacked in substantial quantities at establishments other than those where originally processed or packed, on condition that such cosmetics are not adulterated or misbranded under the provisions of this act upon removal from such processing, labeling or repacking establishment.
 - Chapter XI. General Administration Provisions,
 ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS, Regulations, Hearing and Institution of
 Criminal Action (As amended by E.O.
 175)

SEC. 26. Section 26 of Republic Act No. 3720 is hereby amended as follows:

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Secretary of Health, shall upon recommendation of the DIRECTOR, issue rules and regulations as may be necessary to enforce effectively the provisions of this Act. THE RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL PROVIDE FOR, AMONG OTHERS, THE BANNING, RECALLING OR WITHDRAWING FROM THE MARKET DRUGS AND DEVICES WHICH ARE NOT REGISTERED, UNSAFE, INEFFICACIOUS OR OF DOUBTFUL THERAPEUTIC VALUE, THE ADOPTION OF AN OFFICIAL NATIONAL DRUG FORMULARY, AND THE USE OF GENERIC NAMES IN THE LABELING OF DRUGS. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (b) The Commissioner of Customs / the Commissioner of Internal Revenue/ and the Secretary of Health shall jointly prescribe regulations for the efficient enforcement of the provisions of section thirty, except as otherwise provided therein. Such regulations shall be promulgated upon the recommendation of the DIRECTOR and shall take effect at such time, after due notice, as the Secretary of Health shall determine. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (c) Hearing authorized or required by this Act shall be conducted by the Board of Food and Drug Inspection Bureau which shall submit its recommendation to the Food and Drug Administrator Secretary (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (d) When it appears to the DIRECTOR that the report of the Food and Drug Laboratory Bureau that any article of food or any drug, DEVICE or cosmetic secured pursuant to section twenty-eight of this Act is adulterated, misbranded, OR NOT REGISTERED, he shall cause notice thereof to be given to the persons or persons concerned and such person or persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard before the Board of Food and Drug Inspection BUREAU and to submit evidence impeaching the correctness of the finding or charge in question. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (e) When /a /-any violation of any provisions of this Act comes to the knowledge of the DIRECTOR of such character that a criminal presecution ought to be instituted against the offender, he shall certify the facts to the Secretary of Justice through the Secretary of Health, together with the /chemist's/laboratory report, the findings of the /Board of Food and Drug Inspection/ BUREAU, or other documentary evidence on which the charge is based. (As amended by E.O. 175)
- (f) THE SECRETARY, IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO CALL ON THE ASSISTANCE OF ANY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OR-AGENCY FOR THE EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT. (As amended by F.O. 175)

FACTORY INSPECTION

SEC. 27. (a) For purposes of enforcement of this Act, officers or employees duly designated by the Secretary upon presenting appropriate oredentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, are authorized (1) to enter, at reasonable hours, any factory, warehouse, or establishment in which food, drugs, devices or cosmetics are manufactured, processed, packed or held, for introduction into domestic commerce or are held after such introduction, or to enter any vehicle being used to transport or hold such food, drugs, devices, or cosmetics in domestic commerce; and (2) to inspect, in a reasonable manner, such factory, warehouse, establishment, or vehicle and all pertinent equipment, finished and unfinished materials, containers and labeling therein.

- SEC. 28. (a) If the officer or employee making any such inspection of a factory, warehouse or other establishment has obtained any sample in the course of the inspection, upon completion of the inspection and prior to leaving the premises he shall give to the owner, operator, or agent in charge a receipt describing the samples obtained.
- (b) Whenever in the course of any such inspection of a factory or other establishment where food is manufactured, processed or packed, the officer or employee making the inspection obtains a sample of any such food, and an analysis is made of such sample for the purpose of ascertaining whether such food consist in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance, or is otherwise unfit for food, a copy of the results of such analysis shall be furnished promptly to the owner, operator, or agent in charge.

PUBLICITY AND PUBLICATION

- SEC. 29 (a) The Secretary may cause to be disseminated information regarding foods, drugs, devices or cosmetics in situation involving, in the opinion of the Secretary, imminent danger to health, or gross deception to the consumer. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Secretary from collecting, reporting, and illustrating the results of the investigations of the Department.
- (b) THE BUREAU SHALL PUBLISH A DRUG REFERENCE MANUAL AND DRUG BULLETIN TO SERVE AS REFERENCE BY MANUFACTURERS, DISTRIBUTORS, PHYSICIANS, CONSUMERS AND SUCH OTHER GROUPS AS MAY BE DEEMED NECESSARY. THE BUREAU IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO SELL THE DRUG REFERENCE MANUAL AT COST. (As amended by E.O. 175)

ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTRONS

SEC. 29-A. IN ADDITION TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS PROVIDED FOR UNDER LETTER OF INSTRUCTION NO. 1223, THE SECRETARY IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO IMPOSE, AFTER NOTICE AND HEARING, ADMINISTRATIVE FINES OF NOT LESS TELL ONE THOUSAND PESOS NOT MORE THAN FIVE THOUSAND PESOS FOR ANY VIOLATION OF THIS ACT. (As amended by E.O. 175)

Chapter XII. - Imports and Exports

SEC. 30 (a) The Commissioner of Customs shall cause to be delivered to the BUREAU samples taken at random from every incoming shipment of food, drugs, devices and cosmetics which are being imported or offered for import into the Philippines giving notice thereof to the owner or consignee. The quantity of such samples shall be fixed by regulation issued by the Secretary. If it appears from the examination of such samples or otherwise that (1) such article has been manufactured under insanitary conditions, or (2) such article is forbidden or restricted from sale in the country in which it was produced to from which it was exported, or (3) such article is adulterated, misbranded, or in violation of section twenty-one AND TWENTY-ONE-B, then the DIRECTOR shall so inform the Commissioner and such article shall be refused admission, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section. The Commissioner of Customs shall then cause the destruction of any such article refused admission unless such article is exported, under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Customs, within ninety days of the date of notice of such regulations. If the foods. drugs, devices and cosmetics being imported or offered for import into the Philippines arrives at a port of entry other than Manila, the collection of such samples shall be the responsibility of the regional Health Director/ FOOD AND DRUG SUPERVISOR having jurisdiction over the port of entry and such samples shall be forwarded to the BUREAU. (As amended by E.O. 175)

- (b) Pending decision as to the admission of an article being imported or offered for import, the Commissioner of Customs may authorize delivery of such article to the owner or consignee upon execution by him of a good and sufficient bond providing for such payment of such liquidated damages in the event of default as may be required pursuant to regulations of the Commissioner of Custome. If it appears to the Secretary that an article included within the provisions of clause (3) of subsection (a) of this section can, by relabeling or other action, be brought into compliance with the act or rendered other than a food, drug, device or cosmetic, final determination as to admission of such article may be deffered, and upon filing of timely written application by the owner or consignee, and the execution by him of a bond as provided in the preceeding provisions of this subsection, the Secretary may, in accordance with regulations, authorize the applicant to perform such relabeling or other actions specified in such authorization with regulations (including destruction or export of rejected articles or portions thereof, as may be specified in the Secretary's authorization). relabeling or other action pursuant to such authorization shall be in accordance with regulations and be under the supervision of an officer or employee of the Bureau of Customs designated by the Commissioner of Customs and a duly authorized representative of the BUREAU.
- (c) All expenses (including travel, FER DIEM or subsistence, and salaries) of officers or employees of the Fhilippines in connection with the destruction provided for in subsection (a) of this section and the supervision of the relabeling or other action authorized under the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the amount of such expenses to be determined in accordance with regulations, and all expenses in connection with the storage, cargo, or labor with respect to any article refused admission under subsection (a) of this section, shall be paid by the owner or consignee, and in default of such payment, shall constitute a lien against any future importations made by such owner or consignee.
- (d) A food, drug, device, or cosmetic intended for export shall not deemed to be adulterated or misbranded under this Act if it (1) conforms with the specification of the foreign purchaser, (2) is not in conflict with laws of the country to which it is intended for export, and (3) is labelled on the outside of the shipping package to show that it is intended for export. But if such article is sold or offered for sale in domestic commerce, this subsection shall not exempt it from any of the provisions of this Act.

Chapter XIII. - Financing

SEC. 31. The amount of one million pesos is hereby appropriated from any funds in the National Treasury not otherwise appropriated to augment the funds transferred to this Office under Section eight for the implementation of this Act. All income derived from fees authorized in Section Four of this Act shall accrue to the General Fund.

Chapter XIV. - Repealing Clause and Effectivity

SEC. 32. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this Act or the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances should not be affected thereby.

SEC. 33. Section eleven hundred and nine to Section eleven hundred twenty-nine of the Administrative Code, and such other laws, executive orders, rules and regulations inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are repealed.

SEC. 34. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. Approved, June 22, 1963.

Other Provisions of Executive Order No. 175 Further Amending R.A. 3720 which was signed by Pres. Corazon C. Aquino on May 22, 1987.

SECTION 24. All laws, orders, issuances, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Executive Order are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 25. This Executive Order shall take effect fifteen days after publication in the Official Gazette.

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of May in the year of Our Lord; nineteen hundred and eithty-seven.