The following is a list of names of features that were approved between the 2018 Report to the IAU GA and the 2021 IAU GA (features named between 1/24/2018 and 03/17/2021).

Mercury (49)

Craters (16)

Angelou Maya, American author and poet (1928 – 2014).

Bellini Giovanni; Italian painter (1430-1516).

Berry Charles Edward Anderson "Chuck": American singer and songwriter (1926-

2017).

Bunin Ivan, Russian author of prose and poetry; first Russian to win the Nobel Prize in

Literature, in 1933. (1861 – 1941).

Canova Antonio, marchese d'Ischia; Italian sculptor (1757-1822).

Carleton William; Irish writer (1794-1869).

Gordimer Nadine (1923-2014), South African writer; recipient of the Nobel Prize in

Literature (1991) and the Booker Prize (1974).

Jiménez Juan Ramón, Spanish poet and author (1881 – 1958).

Josetsu Taikō, Japanese ink painter (1405 – 1496).

Kirby Jack, American illustrator (1917 – 1994).

Martins Maria, Brazilian sculptor (1894-1973).

Rizal José, Filipino writer (1861 – 1896).

Strauss Strauss family of musicians.

Travers Pamela Lyndon (born Helen Lyndon Goff); Australian-born British writer best

known for Mary Poppins series of children's books (1899-1996).

Vazov Ivan, Bulgarian poet (1850-1921).

Wen Tianxiang Wen Tianxiang; Chinese writer and poet (1236-1283).

Faculae (25)

Abeeso Facula Somali word for snake.

Agwo Facula Igbo (Southeastern Nigeria) word for snake.

Amaru Facula Quechua word for snake.

Bibilava Faculae Malagasy (Madagascar) word for snake.
Bitin Facula Cebuano (S. Philippines) word for snake.

Coatl Facula Aztec (Nahuatl) word for snake.

Ejo Faculae Yoruba (Nigeria) word for snake.

Gata Facula Fijian and Samoan word for snake.

Havu Facula Kannada (SW India) word for snake.

Ibab Facula Amharic (Ethiopia) word for snake.

Inyoka Faculae Zulu and Xhosa (South Africa) word for snake.

Maciji Facula Hausa (Niger and Nigeria) word for snake.

Nākahi Facula Māori word for snake.
Nathair Facula Irish word for snake.
Neidr Facula Welsh word for snake.

Nzoka Facula Kamba (Kenya) word for snake.

Orm Faculae Swedish word for snake.

Pampu Facula Tamil (SE India and NE Sri Lanka) word for snake. Another spelling is 'pambu'.

Sarpa Facula Sinhalese (Sri Lanka) word for snake.

Slang Faculae Afrikaans word for snake.
Suge Facula Basque word for snake.
Thueban Facula Arabic word for snake.
Ular Facula Malay word for snake.

Yinshe Facula Chinese word for silver snake.

Zmija Facula Serbian word for snake.

Fossae (1)

Borobudur Fossae A 9th-century Mahayana Buddhist temple in Magelang Regency, in Central Java,

Indonesia, consisting of nine stacked platforms and topped by a central dome.

Rupēs (7)

Alpha Crucis Rupēs Brazilian; an oceanographic research vessel investigating the role of the South

Atlantic in global climate change, as well as studying marine biodiversity.

Chikyu Rupes Japanese; a scientific drilling ship built for the Integrated Ocean Drilling

Program to conduct deep-sea geological research.

Grifo Rupes Portugese; ship used by D. João de Castro to make a survey of magnetic

declination in the Atlantic and Indian Oceans in 1538.

Investigator Rupes Australian; research vessel used since 2014 for atmospheric, oceanographic,

biological and geoscience research from the tropical north to the Antarctic ice-

edge mainly in the Indian and Pacific Oceans.

Kainan Rupēs Japanese; Kainan Maru, ship of Nobu Shirase Antarctic exploration, 1910-1912.

Meteor Rupēs German; expedition on Meteor ship explored the South Atlantic Ocean, 1925-

1927.

Soya Rupes Japanese; Japan's first dedicated Antarctic research vessel (polar voyages in

1956-1962).

<u>Venus (2)</u>

Tesserae (2)

Hattian/Hittite goddess of destiny, who spins the threads of

Istustaya Tesserae

fate.

Jyestha Tesserae

Indian goddess of inauspicious things; sister of Lakshmi.

Moon (15)

Craters (11)

8 Homeward Crater visible in the iconic "Earthrise" colour photograph, taken aboard Apollo

8 by W. A. Anders on December 24, 1968, symbolizes the safe return to Earth

of Apollo 8. The crater was previously designated Ganskiy (Hansky) M.

Anders' Earthrise Crater visible in the foreground of the iconic "Earthrise" colour photograph,

taken aboard Apollo 8 by W. A. Anders on December 24, 1968, showing the

Earth and part of the Moon's surface. The crater was previously designated

Pasteur T.

Ballet Astronaut-named feature, Apollo 17 site.

Easley Annie Jean; American computer scientist, mathematician, and rocket scientist

(1933-2011).

Hawke Bernard Ray; American lunar scientist (1946-2015).

Hegu Constellation name in the ancient Chinese star map, which contains the star

Altair, also known as Niulang, the cowherd who marries Zhinyu in the Chinese

folk tale "The Cowherd and the Weaver Girl."

Shioli Japanese female first name.

Tianjin Constellation name in the ancient Chinese star map; means "celestial ford" or

"Galaxy's ferry."

Tooley Craig; NASA Engineer, LRO Project Manager (1960-2017).

Vaughan Dorothy; American mathematician (1910-2008).

Zhinyu Constellation name in the ancient Chinese star map, and the name of the fairy

in the Chinese folk tale "The Cowherd and the Weaver Girl."

Landing Site Names (1)

Statio Tianhe Ancient Chinese name for the Milky Way, a sky river that separates Niulang

and Zhinyu in the Chinese folk tale "The Cowherd and the Weaver Girl."

Montes (1)

Mons Tai Named from terrestrial Mount Tai, in Shandong, China.

Satellite Features (2)

Donner M Anders Severin; Finnish astronomer (1854-1938). Yerkes V Charles Tyson; American benefactor (1837-1905).

Mars (68)

Cavi (1)

Oenotria Cavi Classical albedo feature name, Oenotria.

Chaoses (1)

Aeolis Chaos Classical albedo feature name.

Craters (43)

Qaqortoq Town in Greenland. Alofi Town in Niue.

Angelica Town in New York, USA.

Banes Town in Cuba.

Barth Charles A.; American atmospheric physicist (1930-2014).

Batson Raymond Milner; American geologist and photogrammetrist (1931-2013).

Belva Town in West Virginia, USA.

Cagli Town in Italy.

Chamba Town in India.
Chukhung Village in Nepal.

Dacono Town in Colorado, USA.

Dechu Village in India.
Garu Town in Ghana.
Hartwell Town in Georgia, USA.
Izamal Town in Mexico.
Izola Town in Slovenia.
Jaisalmer Town in India.
Jiii Town in Taiwan.

Jori Town in Republic of Korea.

Kalpin Town in China. Kaporo Town in Malawi.

Kemurdzhian Alexander; Soviet engineer of Armenian descent, founder of the Soviet

scientific school of space transport engineering, designer of the first planetary rovers, including lunar Lunokhod 1 and 2, and martian PrOP-M

mini-rover onboard Mars 2 and 3 landers (1921-2003).

Kenge Town in Democratic Republic of the Congo.

Kilkhampton Town in England.
Kilmia Village in Yemen.
Kufstein Town in Austria.
Malino Town in Indonesia.
Marysville Town in California, USA.

McCauley John "Jack"; American geologist (1932-2012).

Nako Town in Burkina Faso.
Oituz Town in (Bacău) Romania.

Owen Tobias, American planetary scientist (1936-2017).

Qara Village in Egypt. Salkhad Town in Syria.

Sedona Town in Arizona, USA.

Sera Town in Japan.

Tehachapi Town in California, USA.

Topola Town in Serbia.

Ulricehamn Town in Sweden.

Wulai Town in Taiwan.

Yelapa Town in Mexico.

Yelwa Town in Nigeria

Zaim Town in Moldova.

Mensae (2)

Izola Mensa Named for nearby crater Izola.

Peneus Mensa From albedo feature at 48S, 290W.

Montes (7)

Atlantis Mons Classical albedo feature, Atlantis.

Capri Montes Classical albedo feature, Capri Cornu.

Draconis Mons From albedo feature at 25S, 205W.

Dryas Mons Classical albedo feature name.

Gorgonum Mons Classical albedo feature name of Greek origin, Gorgonum Sinus.

Pityusa Mons Classical albedo feature, Pityusa Insula.

Simois Mons Classical albedo feature name of Greek origin, Simois.

Paterae (1)

Phison Patera Classical albedo feature name.

<u>Plana (2)</u>

Nili Planum Classical albedo feature name.
Oxia Planum Classical albedo feature name.

Serpentes (2)

Meridiani Serpentes Classical albedo feature name. Thymiamata Serpens Classical albedo feature name.

<u>Tholi (4)</u>

Cimmeria Tholi Classical albedo feature name.
Hesperus Tholus Classical albedo feature, Hesperus.
Newton Tholus Named for nearby crater, Newton.
Sinai Tholus Classical albedo feature, Sinai.

<u>Valles (5)</u>

Neretva Vallis River in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia.

Pliva Vallis River in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Sakarya Vallis River in Turkey. Sava Vallis River in Slovenia.

Una Vallis River in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia.

Small Bodies (49)

Bennu (36)

Craters (12)

Alicanto Chilean mythological nocturnal bird whose wings shine at night with metallic

colors so bright that cast no shadow. It lives in small caves and eats metal

ores, weight of which gives no possibility to fly.

Bralgah In myths of Aboriginal Australian people of the Murray River basin, a crane,

who tossed an egg from the nest of emu Dinewan into the sky where it

became the sun.

Dinewan Emu whose egg created the sun in the myths of Aboriginal Australian people

of the Murray River basin.

Hokioi Maori (New Zealand) mythical bird with enormously long divided tail, which

lives in heavens and never visits earth.

Huhuk Pawnee (Central USA) Thunderbird, a huge long-necked bird with a forked,

jagged tail. The beating of his wings causes thunder.

Lilitu Mesopotamian /Sumerian nocturnal wind demon depicted as woman with

wings and birds' feet with talons.

Minokawa Massive bird that resides beyond the eastern horizon since before time began

and causes lunar eclipses in myths of Bagobo (Lumad group at Mindanao

Island, S. Philippines).

Ohnivak In Czech and Slovak folklore, glowing or burning bird (firebird) with colorful

red, gold and orange feathers.

Pegasus Winged horse in Greek mythology.

Sampati In Hindu mythology, a giant bird, vulture, whose wings had been burnt by the

blaze of the Sun when he had flown too close to it in racing with his brother.

Wuchowsen Abenaki (Algonquians of NE USA) giant bird, named Windblower, who sits

upon a rock at the edge of the sky far in the north and produces winds by his

wings.

Wututu Fon (Benin/Dahomey) mythical bird which reconciled the two gods in their

dispute and thus ended a great drought.

Regiones (1)

Tlanuwa Regio Cherokee (Southeast USA), giant birds who scattered the Earth with pieces of

serpent which turned into standing pillars of rocks.

Saxa (23)

Aellopus Saxum Aello; Greek, one of the harpies (together with Celaeno and Ocypete), half-

maiden and half-bird personification of storm winds, that would snatch and

carry things away from Earth.

Aetos Saxum Greek, childhood playmate of the supreme god Zeus who was turned into an

eagle by Hera.

Amihan Saxum Tagalog (Philippines) deity that is depicted as a bird, the first creature to

inhabit the universe.

Benben Saxum Ancient Egyptian primordial mound that arose from the primordial waters Nu.

The god Atum settled upon it to create the world after his flight over the

waters in the form of the Bennu bird, who is a piece of his soul.

Boobrie Saxum Mythological shapeshifting entity inhabiting the lochs (lakes) of the west

coast of Scotland. It commonly adopts the appearance of a gigantic water

bird.

Camulatz Saxum One of four birds which destructed the first race of people carved out of

wood in K'iche' Maya (Guatemala) creation myth.

Celaeno Saxum Greek, one of the harpies (together with Aellopus and Ocypete), half-maiden

and half-bird personification of darkness and storm winds, that would snatch

and carry things away from Earth.

Ciinkwia Saxum Thunder-beings of Algonquian mythology (in particular Oklahoma Miami

Nation) that live in the sky and cause thunder and lightning. They look like

giant eagles, or as birds with a human head.

Dodo Saxum Non-flying bird, rounded and gray, a fictional character in the book Alice's

Adventure in Wonderland (1865) by English writer Lewis Carroll.

Gamayun Saxum Slavic prophetic bird, symbol of wisdom and knowledge; she is depicted as a

large bird with a woman's head.

Gargoyle Saxum French, dragon-like monster with wings, bird-like neck, and the ability to

breathe fire.

Gullinkambi Saxum Norse, gold-combed rooster who lives in the heavenly majestic hall Valhalla

and wakes gods and heroes.

Huginn Saxum Norse, one of the two ravens (together with Muninn) accompanying the

supreme god Odin.

Kongamato Saxum Giant flying creature looking like bird or bat in myths of Kaonde, a Bantu-

speaking people of NW Zambia and the adjacent areas of the Democratic

Republic of Congo (Zaire).

Muninn Saxum Norse, one of the two ravens (together with Huginn) accompanying the

supreme god Odin.

Ocypete Saxum Greek, one of the three named harpies, half-maiden and half-bird

personification of storm winds, that would snatch and carry things away from

Earth.

Odette Saxum Princess turned into White Swan in the ballet Swan Lake (1877) by Russian

composer Pyotr Tchaikovsky. This character, which name derives from

French, is opposite to Odile, the Black Swan maiden.

Odile Saxum Black Swan maiden in the ballet Swan Lake (1877) by Russian composer Pyotr

Tchaikovsky. This character, which name derives from Old German, is

opposite to Odette, the Swan Princess.

Pouakai Saxum Māori (Polynesia) monstrous bird who kills and eat humans.

Roc Saxum Enormous bird of prey in Arabic mythology of the Middle East.

Simurgh Saxum Iranian benevolent bird who possesses all knowledge.

Strix Saxum Roman vampiric bird of ill omen.

Thorondor Saxum King of the Eagles in the Middle-earth, the fictional setting in fantasy novels

by English author J.R.R. Tolkien, the greatest of all eagles, with a wingspan of

55 m (approximately as this boulder).

Ryugu (13)

Craters (7)

Brabo A brave young fellow, who defeated a giant, from Dutch fairy tale.

Cendrillon Protagonist of a fairy tale Cendrillon by French writer Charles Perrault (1697),

also known as Cinderella.

Kibidango Japanese ball-like dumplings made from the flour of the kibi (proso millet)

grain that the fairy tale hero Momotaro brought on his distant journey

because this sweet keeps its softness for a long time.

Kintaro 'Golden Boy' in Japanese fairy tale, who grew up in the wild forests of Mount

Ashigara and had a superhuman strength.

Kolobok Small ball-like bun, which ran away from home and rolled on the road, singing

his tricky song; protagonist of a Russian fairy tale.

Momotaro 'Peach Boy' in Japanese fairy tale, who came to Earth inside a giant peach and

once undertook a journey to fight horned ogres in a distant island.

Urashima Urashima Taro; fisherman in Japanese fairy tale who rescued a turtle and

traveled on its back to the dragon Ryujin's undersea Ryugu Palace, where he

was welcomed by princess Otohime.

Dorsa (1)

Ryujin Dorsum 'Dragon god', sea ruler in Japanese fairy tale, father of princess Otohime,

master of the undersea Ryugu Palace where fisherman Urashima Taro was a

guest.

Fossae (2)

Horai Fossa Mythical Mount Horai (Penglai in Chinese), paradise of the immortals; in

some versions of the Japanese fairy tale about fisherman Urashima is located in the sea on the shell of tortoise that princess Otohime has turned into.

Tokoyo Fossa Immortal world of Japanese mythology, eternal, timeless land across the sea

or undersea kingdom, where the princess Otohime lives in the fairy tale about

the fisherman Urashima.

Saxa (3)

Catafo Saxum Smart boy, who marked a trail in the woods with corn meal to know the way

back, from Cajun (Southern USA) fairy tale.

Ejima Saxum Seacoast in Japanese fairy tale where fisherman Urashima Taro rescued a

turtle and started his journey to the undersea Ryugu Palace.

Otohime Saxum Otohime Sama; princess in Japanese fairy tale, sea mistress, who welcomed

fisherman Urashima Taro in undersea Ryugu Palace and gave him a parting

gift, a jewel box whose lid he was told never to open.

Jupiter System (12)

Callisto (1)

Craters (1)

Vili In Norse mythology, brother of the god Odin.

Europa (10)

Cavi (1)

Moyle Cavus In Celtic mythology, a cold sea where the children of Lir (Llyr), transformed

into swans, were forced to spend three hundred years.

Fossae (6)

Beenalaght Fossa Stone row in County Cork, Ireland.

Eightercua Fossa Stone row in County Kerry, Ireland.

Kerlescan Fossae Stone rows in France (Carnac, Brittany).

Kermario Fossae Stone row in France (Carnac, Brittany).

Maughanasilly Fossa Stone row in County Cork, Ireland.

Ménec Fossae Stone rows in France (Carnac, Brittany).

Mensae (3)

Belenos Mensa Celtic sun god, equated with Apollo in that character; found mainly in

Aquileia (now at NE Italy).

Borvo Mensa Romano-Celtic (Gallic) god of healing identified with several therapeutic

springs and mineral baths.

Grannus Mensa Romano-Celtic (Continental Europe) god of healing associated with

medicinal hot springs and hot mineral waters.

Ganymede (1)

Craters (1)

Laomedon In Greek mythology, legendary king of Troy, nephew (or possibly father) of

Ganymede.

<u>Titan (17)</u>

Flumina (4)

Apanohuaya Flumen Mythological river in the Aztec Underworld.

Gihon Flumen Biblical second River of Paradise, one of four rivers flowing from Eden.

Kokytos Flumina River of lamentations in the Greek underworld, Hades.

Sambation Flumina Legendary river in Jewish literature.

Insulae (3)

Hawaiki Insulae In Polynesian mythology, original home island of the Polynesian people.

Meropis Insula Fictional island mentioned by ancient Greek writer Theopompus in his work

Philippica.

Onogoro Insula Japanese mythological island.

Labyrinthi (1)

Ipyr Labyrinthus Planet from the Dune series; home of House Thorvald.

<u> Lacūs (2)</u>

Weija Lacus Lake in Ghana. Winnipeg Lacus Lake in Canada.

Montes (1)

Lithui Montes Name of a mountain range (Ered Lithui, Ash Mountains), the northern

border of the land of Mordor from Middle-earth, the fictional setting in

fantasy novels by J.R.R. Tolkien.

<u>Sinūs (6)</u>

Avacha Sinus Gulf and bay in NE Russia (Kamchatka Peninsula).

Fagaloa Sinus Bay in Samoa (Upolu Island).

Fundy Sinus Bay in Canada.
Lulworth Sinus Cove in England.
Saldanha Sinus Bay in South Africa.
Tumaco Sinus Bay in Columbia.

Dwarf Planets (61)

Ceres (11)

Faculae (1)

Pasola Facula Festival of rice planting season at Sumba Island (Lesser Sunda Islands, E.

Indonesia). (February – March).

<u>Labēs (3)</u>

Dankdag Labes Dutch (The Netherlands) day of thanksgiving for the crop (1st Wednesday of

November).

Onam Labes Harvest festival in Kerala, India, held in August-September.

Sukkot Labes Jewish autumn festival of double thanksgiving, celebrated for 8 days in

September – October.

Labyrinthi (1)

Makahiki Hawaiian harvest festival in honor of Lono, a god of fertility, agriculture, and

Labyrinthus rainfall (lasts four months, from October through February).

Regiones (1)

Homowo Regio Ga people (Ghana) harvest festival to celebrate all local crops. Celebrations

begin in May and culminate in August.

Tholi (5)

Bagach Tholus Belarusian harvest festival (21 September).

Cerealia Tholus The major festival in Ancient Rome to celebrate for the grain goddess Ceres (8

days in mid- to late April).

Kekri Tholus Finnish harvest festival (first Saturday of November).

Lughnasa Tholus Punjabi (Pakistan, NW India) harvest festival. Held on January 13.

Celtic harvest festival, traditionally celebrated on August 1.

Charon (14)

Chasmata (3)

Argo Chasma Greek mythological ship sailed by Jason and his crew, the Argonauts, from

Iolcos to Colchis to retrieve the Golden Fleece, described in the "Argonautica"

epic poem by Apollonius Rhodius (3rd cen. BC).

Caleuche Chasma Chilote (southern Chile) legendary, sentient ghost ship, which could suddenly

appear and then quickly disappears again, leaving no evidence of its presence.

Mandjet Chasma Egyptian boat that carries the sun god Ra across the sky in the daytime.

Craters (7)

Cora Protagonist in the fiction novel The Underground Railroad, by US author

Colson Whitehead (2016). She was a slave who undertook a long journey to freedom in the North through the network of routes and safe houses for

fugitive southern slaves, depicted as an actual railroad.

Dorothy American fictional character, protagonist of "The Wonderful Wizard of Oz" and

other children's novels, small girl who visited the magical Land of Oz.

Nasreddin Hero of humorous folktales told throughout the Middle East, southern Europe

and parts of Asia. Undertook numerous journeys with his donkey, upon which

he is seated facing backwards. Supposed to be of a Turkish origin.

Nemo Captain of the Nautilus, a submarine, in the novels "Twenty Thousand Leagues

Under the Sea" (1870) and "The Mysterious Island" (1874) by the French author Jules Verne (1825–1905). The stories recount fantastical undersea

travels and explorations.

Pirx Spaceship pilot, the main character in a series of fictional stories by the Polish

author Stanislaw Lem (1921–2006). He travelled between the Earth, Moon and

Mars.

Revati Hindu mythological princess, who traveled through time and space in search of

a suitor, described in the epic narrative "Mahabharata".

Sadko Russian merchant in the medieval epic tale (Bylina), who traveled to the

bottom of the sea.

Dorsa (1)

McCaffrey Dorsum Anne; US-Irish author of science fiction novels, including the Dragonriders of

Pern series, which recounts the human colonization of the fictional planet Pern

(1926-2011).

Montes (3)

Clarke Montes Sir Arthur C., British author (1917-2008). Many of his novels depict space

explorations, among which the most notable is "2001: A Space Odyssey", describing a voyage to Jupiter. This novel was adapted from the screenplay he

co-wrote with Stanley Kubrick for the 1968 film.

Butler Mons Octavia E., American author (1947-2006). Her "Xenogenesis" trilogy describes

humankind's departure from Earth and subsequent return.

Kubrick Mons Stanley, American-British film director and screenwriter (1928-1999). His film

"2001: A Space Odyssey" (1968) after the screenplay co-wrote with Arthur Clarke tells the story of humanity's evolution from tool-using hominids to

space explorers and beyond.

Pluto (36)

Cavi (1)

Hekla Cavus An Icelandic volcano believed to be the entrance to Hell in medieval European

times.

Craters (10)

Coughlin Thomas Boyd; American mechanical/space engineer, first project manager of

the New Horizons mission to Pluto and the Kuiper Belt (1941–2014).

Edgeworth Kenneth; Irish astronomer, the first to propose the existence of a disk of

bodies beyond the orbit of Neptune, now known as the Edgeworth-Kuiper Belt

(1880-1972).

Hardaway Lisa; Led the development of the RALPH instrument, the visual and infrared

imager and spectrometer on the New Horizons spacecraft (1966-2017).

Hardie Robert H.; American astronomer, co-discoverer (1955) of Pluto's 6.4-day

rotation period (1923–1989).

Khare Bishun; Indian-born American atmosphere chemistry scientist, investigated, in

particular, tholins, the organic molecules that probably account for the darkest

regions on Pluto (1933-2013).

Kiladze Rolan; Georgian (Caucasus) astronomer. Investigated the dynamics,

astrometry and photometry of Pluto (1931-2010).

Oort Jan Hendrik, Dutch astronomer, first described the Oort Cloud, a theoretical

cloud of icy planetesimals beyond the Kuiper Belt, and believed to be the

source of long-period comets (1900 to 1992).

Pulfrich Carl; German physicist, inventor of the blink comparator which Clyde

Tombaugh used for discovery of Pluto (1858-1927).

Simonelli Damon; American astronomer; investigated the formation history of Pluto

(1959-2004).

Zagar Francesco; Italian astronomer who carried out early studies of the orbit of

Pluto (1900-1976).

Fossae (7)

Beatrice Fossa In The Inferno by Dante, Beatrice descends into hell to find Virgil and ask him

to guide Dante. She later guides Dante through Paradise in Paradiso.

Dumuzi Fossa In ancient Sumerian mythology, Dumuzi was a god of the harvest. He was

taken down into the Underworld, but permitted to return to earth for half of

each year, resulting in the cycle of the seasons.

Hermod Fossae Son of Odin, who rode the horse Sleipnir into the underworld to retrieve his

brother, Balder.

Inanna Fossa Inanna was the Queen of Heaven in ancient Sumerian mythology. She visited

the Underworld but was permitted to return in exchange for the life of her

husband, Dumuzi.

Kaknú Fossa Epic hero of the Chochenyo/Ohlone (N. California) mythology, an

anthropomorphic being resembling a peregrine falcon, who traveled to the underworld to battle Wiwe ("Body of Stone"), the lord of the underworld.

Mwindo Fossae Nyanga (Eastern Dem. Rep. Congo/Zaire) epic hero who travelled to the

underworld and after returning home became a wise and powerful king.

Uncama Fossa Zulu tale hero, who followed a porcupine underground and came upon the

village of dead souls.

Lacūs (1)

Alcyonia Lacus A bottomless lake, one of the entrances to the underworld in Greek

mythology.

Montes (7)

Baret Montes Jeanne Baret (Baré); first woman to have completed circumnavigation voyage

of the globe (1740-1807).

Elcano Montes Juan Sebastián; Spanish explorer of Basque origin, who completed in 1522 the

first circumnavigation of the Earth which started in 1519 under the leadership

of Magellan (c.1476-1526).

Piccard Mons Auguste; Swiss-Belgian inventor and physicist known for his pioneering balloon

flights into the Earth's upper atmosphere up to 17 km (1884–1962).

Pigafetta Montes Antonio; Italian scholar and explorer, whose journal is the only original

description of the discoveries made during the first circumnavigation of the Earth which started in Spain in 1519 under the leadership of Magellan (c.1491

-c.1531).

Tabei Montes Junko Tabei, Japanese mountaineer and the first woman to climb both Mount

Everest and the Seven Summits (1939–2016).

Wright Mons Orville (1871–1948) and Wilbur (1867–1912), brothers, U.S. aviation pioneers

who invented, built, and flew in 1903 the world's first successful powered

heavier-than-air flying machine (airplane) with a pilot aboard.

Zheng He Montes Zheng He, Chinese explorer, led voyages of Asia, Africa, and the Middle East

(1371 to 1433).

Paludes (1)

Hyecho Palus Korean traveler and scholar, who crossed the Asian continent from China to

Arabia and back (724-727), and documented the journey in his journals (704-

787).

Planitiae (2)

Lunokhod Planitia Two Soviet Union planetary rovers that were sent to the surface of the Moon

(1970, 1973). Lunokhod 1 was the first remote-controlled, wheeled robot to

land on and rove on an extraterrestrial body.

Ranger Planitia A series of US space probes sent to the Moon during 1961-1965. In 1964,

Ranger 7 obtained the first close-up images of an extraterrestrial surface.

Regiones (1)

Lowell Regio Percival; American astronomer who in 1906-1916 undertook extensive

searches of transneptunian planets (1855-1916).

Rupēs (1)

Piri Rupes Ahmed Muhiddin, also known as Piri Reis, Ottoman navigator and

cartographer (c. 1470–1553). Author of one of the earliest existing world maps

in 1513. His "Book of the Sea" (1521), containing 290 maps, was one of the most famous cartographical works of that period.

Terrae (4)

Pioneer Terra Early US lunar, planetary, and heliospheric missions including the first to

Jupiter and Saturn, 1958-1997.

Vega Terra A pair of the Soviet Union's Vega 1 and Vega 2 spacecraft launched in 1984

that were the first ones to fly balloons on another planet (Venus, 1985) and

then the first ones to image the nucleus of a comet (1P/Halley, 1986).

Venera Terra Series of the Soviet Union's 16 spacecraft sent to Venus in 1961–1983. The

missions accomplished a number of firsts, including the first human made device to enter the atmosphere of another planet (Venera 3, 1966), to measure in situ atmosphere composition of another planet (Venera 4, 1967), to make a soft landing on another planet (Venera 7, 1970), and to return

images from another planetary surface (Venera 9, 1975).

Viking Terra US Mars orbiter and landed missions that conducted the first successful

explorations of the surface of Mars, 1976 to 1982.

Valles (1)

Hunahpu Valles One of the Hero Twins (with Xbalanque) in Mayan mythology, who defeated

the lords of the Underworld in a ball game.

During this same time period the following additional actions have been taken:

• The Moon:

O The theme for lunar craters was changed from: "Deceased scientists and polar explorers who have made outstanding or fundamental contributions to their field. Deceased Russian cosmonauts are commemorated by craters in and around Mare Moscoviense. Deceased American astronauts are commemorated by craters in and around the crater Apollo. Appropriate locations will be provided in the future for other space-faring nations should they also suffer fatalities. First names are used for small craters of special interest" to: "Scientists, engineers, and explorers, as well as other persons connected with astronomy, planetary, or space research who have made outstanding or fundamental contributions to their field. Russian cosmonauts are commemorated by craters in and around Mare Moscoviense. American astronauts are commemorated by craters in and around the crater Apollo. Appropriate locations will be provided in the future for other space-faring nations. First names are used for small craters of special interest."

Europa:

- Approved the following descriptors and themes for use on Europa:
 - Mensae: "Celtic gods and heroes"
 - Cavi: "Places associated with Celtic myths"
 - Fossae: "People associated with the Europa myth, or Celtic stone rows"

Bennu:

- Approved the theme "Birds and bird-like creatures in mythology, and the places associated with them" for all feature types.
- Ryugu:
 - Approved the theme "Names in stories and fairy tales for children" for all feature types.
- Arrokoth:

- Approved the theme "Words for 'sky' in the languages of the world, past and present" for all feature types.
- General: Themes/Categories: Removed the word "deceased" from all themes in which it occurred (Mercury, Moon, Mars, Phobos, Deimos). This is to bring consistency to the wording of all themes in which planetary features may be named after people, proposals for which are accepted only after the three-year anniversary of the individual's death.